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Seat No. \_\_\_\_

## HT-16

## B. Sc. (Microbiology) (Sem. II) (CBCS) (WEF-2019) Examination

May - 2023

## MB - 201 : Basics of Bio-Chemistry & Microbial Control

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  / Total Marks: 70 1 Objective: (a) 4 (1) and decides the atomic weight. (2) Dipole moment is due to \_\_\_\_\_. (3) Define: pH. (4) Define: Isotopes. Answer in brief: (any 1 out of 2) 2 (b) What is polar and non-polar covalent bonds? (1) Structure of Atom. (2) (c) Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2) 3 (1) Explain in brief pH. (2) Explain structure and properties of water. Write a note on: (any 1 out of 2) (d) 5 (1) Explain Acid – base and oxidation – reduction reactions. (2) Type of chemical bonds. 2 Objective: 4 (a) (1) Define and give example: Reducing sugar. Who suggested double helical structure of DNA? (2) The monomer of protein is . (4) Give examples of simple lipids. Answer in brief: (any 1 out of 2) 2 (b) Give structure of nucleotide. (2) Biological functions of proteins. Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2) 3 (1) Classification of Lipid. Explain disaccharides and polysaccharides.

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	(d)	Write a note on: (any 1 out of 2)	5
		(1) Structure and functions of RNA.	
		(2) Explain structure of protein.	
3	(a)	Objective:	4
		(1) What is K <sub>m</sub> value ?	
		(2) Holoenzyme = +	
		(3) Which group of enzymes catalyze transfer of a functional group?	1
		(4) Define : Coenzyme.	
	(b)	Answer in brief: (any 1 out of 2)	2
		(1) Define Allosteric enzyme.	
		(2) Nomenclature of enzyme.	
	(c)	Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2)	3
		(1) Classification of enzyme.	
		(2) Competitive inhibition.	
	(d)	Write a note on: (any 1 out of 2)	5
		(1) Regulation of enzyme activity.	
		(2) Difference between Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic enzyme	9
		regulation.	
4	(a)	Objective:	4
		(1) Give full form : HEPA.	
		(2) At which temperature and time pasteurization is carried	d out?
		(3) What do you understand by Disinfectant?	
		(4) Give examples of alcohol used as antimicrobial agent	•
	(b)	Answer in brief: (any 1 out of 2)	2
		(1) Enlist gaseous agents and their mode of action agains	t
		microbes.	
		(2) How osmotic pressure reduces microbial population	?
	(c)	Answer in detail :	3
		(1) How Radiation is used as antimicrobial agent?	
		(2) Explain phenol coefficient method for evaluation o	f
		chemical antimicrobial agents.	
	(d)	Write a note on: (any 1 out of 2)	5
		(1) High temperature as physical agent of microbial control	•
		(2) Explain: Quaternary ammonium compounds act a antimicrobial agent.	5

5	(a)	Objective:	4
		(1) Give example of antibiotics that inhibit Protein synthesis	
		of bacteria.	
		(2) What is the mode of action of Ampicillin?	
		(3) Streptomycin was discovered by	
		(4) Define : Antibiotic.	
	(b)	Answer in brief: (any 1 out of 2)	2
		(1) Characteristics of ideal cheomotherapeutic agent.	
		(2) Antibiotics inhibiting DNA synthesis of bacteria.	
	(c)	Answer in detail : (any 1 out of 2)	3
		(1) Explain Antiviral chemotherapeutic agent.	
		(2) Explain: Non-medical use of antibiotics.	
	(d)	Write a note on: (any 1 out of 2)	5
		(1) Explain antibiotics affecting cell-wall synthesis of	
		bacteria.	
		(2) Write a note on Antifungal agents.	